the national defense of the informational derense of the ase 200457 R000906450006 1 and 32 United States within the meaning was a specific every rough and see as amended. Its transmission or the reveletion of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law. CONFIDENTIAL dogum CONFIDENTIAL IN 1800By CONFIDENTIAL IN 1800DBY CONFIDE TELLIGENCE GROUP Director 10 Uclouer 1310 Iroin ine 112435 Archivist of the United States. REPORT Next Review Date: 2008 1978 from the DATE: COUNTRY China 25X1C INFO. Economic Information: Chinese Communist Trading SUBJEC. ZZ September 1947 DIST. Companies in Manchuria PAGES 25X1A SUPPLEMENT ORIGIN 25X1X DISTRIBU 🦚 NAVY C&D JUSTICE R&E SOURCE 25X1X The head office of the Chinese Communist Trading Company (中共貿易總公司), the largest economic establishment of the Chinese Communists in Manchuria, is on

- the premises of the former Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, on San Tao Chieh, Tao Li (三道街道裡), Harbin。 This organization controls all public business in Chinese Communist Manchuria and monopolizes imports from the USSR and North Korea under the direction of a forty-two year old native of Manchuria, HSIA Lintien (夏斯夫), a Chinese Communist "superior", or kan pu. The Harbin head office employs ninety persons, most of whom are kan pu.
- The three branch offices of the Chinese Communist Trading Communist Trading) Company in Harbin are on the following streets:

Shih Erh Tao Chieh (十二道針) Cheng Yang Chi Tao Chien, Tao Wai (正陽七道街道外) Shih Tou Tao Chieh, Tao Li (石 頭道街道裡)

These offices are responsible for the purchase and sale of cereals for military and civilian use and for the rationing of daily necessities.

- Branch offices of this company have been established in all the larger cities in Chinese Communist Manchuria, particularly Mutanchiang (129-37, 44-35), Chiamussu (130-21, 46-49), Suifen (131-09, 44-23), Tsitsihar (123-55, 47-23), Peian (126-34, 48-16), and Hailar (119-44, 49-13).
- 4. Exports from Manchuria handled by the company include soya beans, bean o.1, sorghum, wheat, millet, and other native products. Imports from the USSE include all kinds of weapons and ammunition, flour, cotton and woolen materials, wool thread, cosmetics, Japanese-manufactured matches (?), Soviet-manufactured trucks and bicycles, and daily necessities.
- 5. In addition to the organization mentioned above, there are two other trading companies in operation, the Tung Hsing (東吳) Company and the Min Sheng (東吳) Company. The former is chiefly responsible for the purchase, transport, disposition, and rationing of cereals, other foods, and daily necessitie. The latter company controls light and heavy industrial production, as well as the output of cereals and daily necessities. It is also in charge of the collection of civilian capital.

